# YELLOW CREEK / MAHONING RIVER: A PLACE OF PIONEERING FISH STUDIES

#### LOOKING BACK ...

Just as the Mahoning River played an important role in the development of the steel industry by serving as the water supply for steel making processes, seldom acknowledged is the fact that it played a key role in what would later be recognized as a place where some of the first studies of fish biology in the United States would be conducted. The very area upon which you're standing is approximately the same area where early naturalists and Ichthyologists (Ichthyology - the study of fishes), Spencer F. Baird and Jared P. Kirtland, collected and identified several species of fishes that were unique to the North American continent. Their fish surveys were conducted between the years 1838 and 1854.

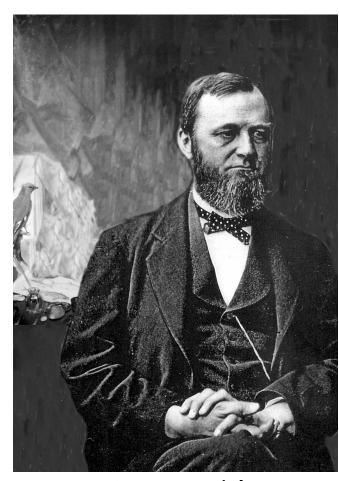
Two species, the Hornyhead Chub and Brook Stickleback, were first identified in the United States from Yellow Creek in Poland, Ohio. Other species including the Redside Dace, Variegated Darter, Spotted Darter, Ohio Streamline Chub, and Ohio Muskellunge were first collected from the nearby Mahoning River.

Jared Kirtland lived on a farm in Boardman Township during this time.

In August 1853, Baird and Kirtland collected and identified 41 species of fish from the Mahoning River and Yellow Creek. Spencer Baird and Jared Kirtland's work marked among the first identifications and discoveries of several native fishes in the United States.

### TIMES HAVE CHANGED ...

This area of Yellow Creek, and the Mahoning River Watershed in general, has drastically changed since the days Baird and Kirtland first sampled these waters for fish. The changes have included everything from water pollution to losses and alterations of aquatic habitats. These changes were greatly attrib-



**Spencer F. Baird** 



Jared P. Kirtland

uted to the urban development of Mahoning Valley. As a result, many of the fishes that Baird and Kirtland encountered no longer exist in this area of Yellow Creek and the Mahoning River. Their decline or absence stems from many of these species being intolerant to the kind of encroachment on the stream and river that resulted in water degrada-

> tion. Nevertheless, these fishes are still a part of our natural heritage, and their decline or absences should serve as a reminder of what can happen to water resources when our streams and rivers are abused.

Pictured below are some of the fishes Baird and Kirtland encountered in this area of Yellow Creek and the Mahoning River during their time spent here, as well as illustrations of fish species collected by the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency in 1994 from this area of Yellow Creek. The Ohio EPA has classified this as being an impaired fish community because the sensitive species collected by Baird and Kirtland in the mid-1800's no longer live in Yellow Creek. For the native fish of Yellow Creek, times have not changed for the better. Perhaps someday humans will find a way to restore the native fish community of Yellow Creek and the Mahoning River.

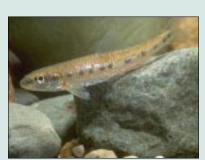
## BAIRD & KIRTLAND'S FINDINGS - CIRCA 1838-1853



COMMON NAME: Redside Dace SCIENTIFIC NAME: Clinostomus Elongatus



COMMON NAME: Brook Stickleback SCIENTIFIC NAME: Cualea inconstans



SCIENTIFIC NAME: Erimystax dissimilis



COMMON NAME: Spotted Darter SCIENTIFIC NAME: Etheostoma maculatum



COMMON NAME: Hornvhead Chub SCIENTIFIC NAME: Nocomis Biguttatus



COMMON NAME: Variegate Darter SCIENTIFIC NAME: Etheostoma variatum



COMMON NAME: Central Mottled Sculpin SCIENTIFIC NAME: Cottus bairdi



COMMON NAME: Ohio Muskellunge SCIENTIFIC NAME: Esox masquinongy

## EPA SURVEY IN 1994



COMMON NAME: Gizzard Shad SCIENTIFIC NAME: Dorosoma cepedianum



COMMON NAME: Fathead Minnow SCIENTIFIC NAME: Pimephales promelas \* First recorded in Ohio by Kirtland at his Boards



COMMON NAME: Greenside Darter SCIENTIFIC NAME: Etheostoma blennioides



COMMON NAME: Yellow Bullhead SCIENTIFIC NAME: Ameiurus spp.



COMMON NAME: Bluntnose Minnow SCIENTIFIC NAME: Pimephales notatus



COMMON NAMF: Blacknose Dace SCIENTIFIC NAME: Rhinichthys atratulus



COMMON NAME: Central Stoneroller SCIENTIFIC NAME: Campostoma anomalum



COMMON NAME: Creek Chub atromaculatus



COMMON NAME: White Sucker SCIENTIFIC NAME: Catostomus commersoni



COMMON NAME: Logperch Darter SCIENTIFIC NAME: Percina caprodes

#### SOURCES AND SPECIAL THANKS:

- · Milton B. Trautman's The Fishes of Ohio
- · Ohio Department of Natural Resources - Division of Natural Areas & Preserves
- Ohio E.P.A. / Bob Davic
- The North American Native Fishes Association / Bill Roston, Rob Carillio, and Joe Tomelleri www.nanfa.org
- · The Mahoning River Consortium